#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

1.1 **GHS Product identifier:** Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)

#### Other means of identification:

Not applicable (N/A)

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: 1.2

Relevant uses: Adhesive. For professional users/industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

#### 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

The Ruscoe Company 485 Kenmore Blvd 44301 Akron - United States

Phone: 330-253-8148

Sales@Ruscoe.com; SDS@Ruscoe.com www.ruscoe.com

Emergency phone number: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

#### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304 Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350 Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

#### **Label elements:**

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

#### Danger







#### **Hazard statements:**

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

TRIMETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 95-63-6); C9-10 AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (CAS: 64742-95-6); MESITYLENE (CAS: 108-67-8); Cumene (CAS: 98-82-8)

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**







#### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

#### **Additional labeling:**



#### WARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals including Cumene, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Not applicable (N/A)

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives and resins in solvents

#### Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	95-63-6	<b>1,2,4-trimethylbenzene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H332; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	10 - <25 %
CAS:	64742-95-6	<b>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , &lt; 0.1 % EC 200-753-7</b> Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS:	108-67-8	Mesitylene Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	2.5 - <10 %
CAS:	98-82-8	<b>Cumene</b> Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Carc. 1B: H350; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	1 - <2.5 %
CAS:	526-73-8	1,2,3-trimethylbenzene Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	1 - <2.5 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	<b>Xylene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	1 - <2.5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

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#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**







#### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Not available

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

For accidental releases in excess of reportables quantities (RQ) (Table 302.4), refer to 40 CFR 302 for detailed instructions concerning reporting requirements and notify the National Response Center (800) 424-8802.

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F
Maximum Temp.: 90 °F

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification Occupational 6			nal exposure limits	
Cumene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL	50 ppm	245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Xylene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification		Occupational exposure limits		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Т	ΓLV-TWA	10 ppm	
CAS: 95-63-6	Т	TLV-STEL		
Mesitylene	Т	ΓLV-TWA	10 ppm	
CAS: 108-67-8	Т	TLV-STEL		
Cumene (1)	Т	ΓLV-TWA	25 ppm	
CAS: 98-82-8	Т	TLV-STEL	75 ppm	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Т	ΓLV-TWA	10 ppm	
CAS: 526-73-8	Т	TLV-STEL		
Xylene (1)	T	ΓLV-TWA	100 ppm	
CAS: 1330-20-7	T	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	·



### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**







#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

#### CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification		Occupational exposure limits		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 95-63-6	STEL			
Mesitylene	PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 108-67-8	STEL			
Cumene (1)	PEL	50 ppm	245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 98-82-8	STEL			
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 526-73-8	STEL			
Xylene (1)	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Skin

#### **Biological limit values:**

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

#### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR)

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Fluorine Rubber, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.7 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection



### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**







#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
<b>^+</b>	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	<b>-</b>   ♦	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

#### **Appearance:**

Physical state at 68 °F:

Appearance:

Color:

Not available

Odor:

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available \*

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 329 °F Vapour pressure at 74 °F: 329 Pa

Vapour pressure at 122 °F: 1529.95 Pa (1.53 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 74 °F: Not available \*

**Product description:** 

Density at 74 °F: 984.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Relative density at 74 °F: 0.93

Not available \* Dynamic viscosity at 74 °F: Kinematic viscosity at 74 °F: Not available \* Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F: <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Concentration: Not available \* Not available \* pH: Not available \* Vapour density at 74 °F: Not available \* Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 74 °F: Not available \* Solubility in water at 74 °F: Solubility properties: Not available \*

\*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Decomposition temperature: Not available \* Melting point/freezing point: Not available \*

Flammability:

Flash Point: 111 °F

Flammability (solid, gas): Not available \*

Autoignition temperature: 795 °F

Lower flammability limit: Not available

Upper flammability limit: Not available

**Particle characteristics:** 

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:

Oxidising properties:

Corrosive to metals:

Heat of combustion:

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:

Not available \*

Not available \*

Not available \*

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 74 °F:

Refraction index:

Not available \*

Not available \*

\*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Contains substances which require external energy for spontaneous decomposition. Form explosive peroxides when distilled, evaporated or otherwise concentrated.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### **Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.
    - IARC: Cumene (2B); Xylene (3); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Other information:

Not applicable (N/A)

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LD50 oral	3400 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 95-63-6	LD50 dermal	3160 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Mesitylene	LD50 oral	6000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-67-8	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Cumene	LD50 oral	2700 mg/kg	
CAS: 98-82-8	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	



### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	А	Acute toxicity	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 526-73-8	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Xylene	LD50 oral	3523 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 64742-95-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	

#### **Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):**

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	16563.71 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable
Dermal	15920.42 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Inhalation	61.9 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

#### **Acute toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50	7.72 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 95-63-6	EC50	6.14 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not applicable (N/A)		
Mesitylene	LC50	12.5 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
CAS: 108-67-8	EC50	50 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	53 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Cumene	LC50	2.7 mg/L (96 h)	Salmo gairdneri	Fish
CAS: 98-82-8	EC50	10.8 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	2.6 mg/L (72 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae

#### **Chronic toxicity:**

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Mesitylene	NOEC	0.277 mg/L	N/A	Fish
CAS: 108-67-8	NOEC	0.4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Cumene	NOEC	0.38 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 98-82-8	NOEC	0.35 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Xylene	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

#### **Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradab	ility
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 95-63-6	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	18 %



## Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)







### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradab	ility
Mesitylene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 108-67-8	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	0 %
Cumene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 98-82-8	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	40 %
Xylene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	88 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

#### **Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Bioaccu	Bioaccumulation potential	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	BCF	154	
CAS: 95-63-6	Pow Log	3.78	
	Potential	High	
Mesitylene	BCF	182	
CAS: 108-67-8	Pow Log	3.42	
	Potential	High	
Cumene	BCF	120	
CAS: 98-82-8	Pow Log	3.66	
	Potential	High	
Xylene	BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77	
	Potential	Low	

### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorpti	on/desorption	Volat	ility
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Koc	537	Henry	624.16 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 95-63-6	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.919E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Mesitylene	Koc	1445	Henry	888.62 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 108-67-8	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.805E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Cumene	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 98-82-8	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	2.769E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 526-73-8	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	3.075E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not applicable (N/A)	Moist soil	Yes

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



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#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Disposal methods:

The next characteristic per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material: Ignitability. The next EPA hazardous waste number could apply: D001.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE WASTE GENERATOR TO EVALUATE WHETHER HIS WASTES ARE HAZARDOUS BY CHARACTERISTICS OR LISTING.

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Follow RCRA framework and EPA regulation for to ensure that hazardous waste is managed safely and properly. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. Remind, It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing. See section 6 for further information about Accidental release measures.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Solid Wastes - Part 239 through 282.

State regulatory requirements for generators may be more stringent than those in the federal program. Be sure to check the state's policies.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:





14.1 UN number: UN1133

**14.2** UN proper shipping name: **ADHESIVES** 

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III 14.5 Marine pollutant:

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities:

49 CFR 173.150: A flammable liquid with a flash point at or above 38 °C (100 °F) that does not meet the definition of any other hazard class may be reclassed as a combustible liquid. This provision does not apply to transportation by vessel or aircraft, except where other means of transportation is impracticable. It can be shipped as a non-hazardous material if the container is under 120 gallons. Under 49 CFR 171.4, Except when transporting aboard a vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicles, rail

cars, and aircraft

Version: 1

14.7 Transport in bulk (according Not applicable (N/A) to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code):

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

Date of compilation: 4/24/2024

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

14.1 UN number: UN113314.2 UN proper shipping name: ADHESIVES

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3 Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III14.5 Marine pollutant: Yes

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Special regulations: 955, 223
EmS Codes: F-E, S-D
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Not applicable (N/A) **14.7 Transport in bulk (according** Not applicable (N/A)

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



**14.1 UN number:** UN1133 **14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ADHESIVES

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Yes

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

14.7 Transport in bulk (according Not applicable (N/A)

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

14.5 Marine pollutant:

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**



#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE The Hazardous Substances List: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) Birth defects or other reproductive harm: Not applicable (N/A)
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) Cancer: Cumene (98-82-8)
- CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Polyisobutylene (9003-27-4); Poly(styrene-co-alpha-methylstyrene) (9011-11-4); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Not applicable (N/A)
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Reportable Quantities: Cumene (98-82-8)
- U055; Xylene (1330-20-7) U239
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- Massachusetts RTK Substance List: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- Minnesota Hazardous substances ERTK: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- New York RTK Substance list: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- NTP (National Toxicology Program): Cumene (98-82-8); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Not applicable (N/A)
- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- Rhode Island Hazardous substances RTK: Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (USA, Puerto Rico): 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Polyisobutylene (9003-27-4); Poly(styrene-co-alpha-methylstyrene) (9011-11-4); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7)

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information provided in this safety data sheet as a foundation for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments. These assessments will help establish the appropriate risk prevention measures for handling, using, storing, and disposing of this product.

#### Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- H350: May cause cancer.
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H319: Causes serious eve irritation.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

29 CFR 1910.1200:

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

### **Permanent Sealer Clear HV (CPS-HV)**







#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Advice related to training:

According to 29 CFR 1910. 1200, training on chemical hazards is necessary for employees using this product. This training will facilitate their understanding and interpretation of the safety data sheet, as well as the product label.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Date of compilation: 4/24/2024

Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety date sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product, which should not be used for purposes other than those specified. Finally, the manner in which this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).

**END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET** 

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **PC-98T**



#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

**1.1 GHS Product identifier:** PC-98T

Other means of identification:

Not applicable (N/A)

#### 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Adhesive coating. For professional users/industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

#### 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

The Ruscoe Company 485 Kenmore Blvd 44301 Akron - United States Phone: 330-253-8148

Sales@Ruscoe.com; SDS@Ruscoe.com

www.ruscoe.com

**1.4 Emergency phone number:** Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

#### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304 Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350 Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

#### 2.2 Label elements:

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

#### Danger







#### **Hazard statements:**

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

**PC-98T** 



#### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7); TRIMETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 95-63-6); MESITYLENE (CAS: 108-67-8); ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

#### **Additional labeling:**



#### WARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals including Cumene, Ethylbenzene, Benzene, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, Benzene, which is [are] known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Not applicable (N/A)

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives, pigments and resins in solvents

#### **Components:**

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	1330-20-7	<b>Xylene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS:	95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene Acute Tox. 4: H332; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	10 - <25 %
CAS:	64742-95-6	<b>Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , &lt; 0.1 % EC 200-753-7</b> Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS:	108-67-8	Mesitylene Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	2.5 - <10 %
CAS:	100-41-4	<b>Ethylbenzene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H332; Carc. 2: H351; Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS:	98-82-8	<b>Cumene</b> Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Carc. 1B: H350; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	1 - <2.5 %
CAS:	526-73-8	<b>1,2,3-trimethylbenzene</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	1 - <2.5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

#### **PC-98T**



#### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

#### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Not available

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

#### **Additional provisions:**

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

For accidental releases in excess of reportables quantities (RQ) (Table 302.4), refer to 40 CFR 302 for detailed instructions concerning reporting requirements and notify the National Response Center (800) 424-8802.

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#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### **6.4** Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F Maximum Temp.: 90 °F

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational ex	Occupational exposure limits		
Cumene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL 50 ppm	245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
CAS: 98-82-8	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Xylene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL 100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
CAS: 1330-20-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Ethylbenzene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL 100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
CAS: 100-41-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Toluene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL 200 ppm	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
CAS: 108-88-3	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
(1) Skin				



#### **PC-98T**



### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occup	Occupational exposure limits	
Benzene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL	10 ppm	
CAS: 71-43-2	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL	25 ppm	
Xylene (1)	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	C	ccupational exposure limits	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	TLV-TWA	10 ppm	
CAS: 95-63-6	TLV-STEL		
Mesitylene	TLV-TWA	10 ppm	
CAS: 108-67-8	TLV-STEL		
Cumene (1)	TLV-TWA	25 ppm	
CAS: 98-82-8	TLV-STEL	75 ppm	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	TLV-TWA	10 ppm	
CAS: 526-73-8	TLV-STEL		
Xylene (1)	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
CAS: 1330-20-7	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (1)	TLV-TWA	20 ppm	
CAS: 100-41-4	TLV-STEL		
Toluene (1)	TLV-TWA	20 ppm	
CAS: 108-88-3	TLV-STEL		
Benzene (1)	TLV-TWA	0.5 ppm	
CAS: 71-43-2	TLV-STEL	2.5 ppm	
Xylene (1)	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
CAS: 1330-20-7	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	

#### CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification		Occupational exposu	ure limits
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 95-63-6	STEL		
Mesitylene	PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 108-67-8	STEL		
Cumene (1)	PEL	50 ppm	245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 98-82-8	STEL		
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 526-73-8	STEL		
Xylene (1)	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Ethylbenzene (1)	PEL	5 ppm	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 100-41-4	STEL	30 ppm	130 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Toluene (1)	PEL	10 ppm	37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 108-88-3	STEL	150 ppm	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Benzene (1)	PEL	1 ppm	
CAS: 71-43-2	STEL		
Xylene (1)	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

(1) Skin

#### **Biological limit values:**

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	150 mg/g (NULL)	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid in urine	End of shift
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	0.02 mg/L	Toluene in blood	Prior to last shift of workweek



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#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Benzene CAS: 71-43-2	0.025 mg/g (NULL)	S-Phenylmercapturic acid in urine	End of shift
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

#### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR)

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low -density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

#### E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	

F.- Additional emergency measures



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#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
+	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	<b>*</b>	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 68 °F: Liquid

Appearance: Not available Color: Not available Odor: Not available Odour threshold: Not available \*

Volatility:

308 °F Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: Vapour pressure at 74 °F: 593 Pa

Vapour pressure at 122 °F: 2631.76 Pa (2.63 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 74 °F: Not available \*

**Product description:** 

7660 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Density at 74 °F:

Relative density at 74 °F: 0.96

Dynamic viscosity at 74 °F: Not available \* Kinematic viscosity at 74 °F: Not available \* Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F: <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Concentration: Not available \* Not available \* pH: Not available \* Vapour density at 74 °F: Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 74 °F: Not available \* Solubility in water at 74 °F: Not available \* Not available \* Solubility properties: Not available \* Decomposition temperature: Melting point/freezing point: Not available \*

Flammability:

Flash Point: 96 °F

Not available \* Flammability (solid, gas): 795 °F Autoignition temperature: Lower flammability limit: Not available Upper flammability limit: Not available

Particle characteristics:

\*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

#### 9.2 Other information:

#### Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Not available \* Explosive properties: Oxidising properties: Not available \* Corrosive to metals: Not available \* Heat of combustion: Not available \* Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable Not available \*

components:

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 74 °F: Not available \* Refraction index: Not available \*

\*Not available due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Contains substances which require external energy for spontaneous decomposition. Form explosive peroxides when distilled, evaporated or otherwise concentrated.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### **Dangerous health implications:**

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):

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#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.
  - IARC: Cumene (2B); Xylene (3); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3); Ethylbenzene (2B); Toluene (3); Benzene (1); Xylene (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Other information:

Not applicable (N/A)

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LD50 oral	3400 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 95-63-6	LD50 dermal	3160 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Mesitylene	LD50 oral	6000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-67-8	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Cumene	LD50 oral	2700 mg/kg	
CAS: 98-82-8	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 526-73-8	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 64742-95-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	



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### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification		Acut	Genus	
Ethylbenzene		LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 100-41-4		LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
		LC50 inhalation	17.2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene		LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7		LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
		LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	

#### **Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):**

	Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity	
Oral 7961.16 mg/kg (Calculation method)		Non-applicable
Dermal 5770.07 mg/kg (Calculation method)		0 %
Inhalation	inhalation 36.34 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

#### **Acute toxicity:**

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		7.72 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 95-63-6	EC50	6.14 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	Not applicable (N/A)		
Mesitylene	LC50	12.5 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
CAS: 108-67-8	EC50	50 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	53 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Ethylbenzene	LC50	42.3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 100-41-4	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
Cumene	LC50	2.7 mg/L (96 h)	Salmo gairdneri	Fish
CAS: 98-82-8	EC50	10.8 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	2.6 mg/L (72 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae

#### **Chronic toxicity:**

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
Xylene	NOEC	1.3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	NOEC	1.17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Mesitylene	NOEC	0.277 mg/L	N/A	Fish
CAS: 108-67-8	NOEC	0.4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene	NOEC	Not applicable (N/A)		
CAS: 100-41-4	NOEC	0.96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Cumene	NOEC	0.38 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 98-82-8	NOEC	0.35 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

### **Substance-specific information:**

Identification Degradability		Biodegradability		
Xylene		Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
		Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	88 %



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### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 95-63-6	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	18 %
Mesitylene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 108-67-8	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	0 %
Ethylbenzene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	90 %
Cumene	BOD5	Not applicable (N/A)	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 98-82-8	COD	Not applicable (N/A)	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable (N/A)	% Biodegradable	40 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

#### **Substance-specific information:**

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
Xylene	BCF	9	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77	
	Potential	Low	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	BCF	154	
CAS: 95-63-6	Pow Log	3.78	
	Potential	High	
Mesitylene	BCF	182	
CAS: 108-67-8	Pow Log	3.42	
	Potential	High	
Ethylbenzene	BCF	1	
CAS: 100-41-4	Pow Log	3.15	
	Potential	Low	
Cumene	BCF	120	
CAS: 98-82-8	Pow Log	3.66	
	Potential	High	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not applicable (N/A)	Moist soil	Yes
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Koc	537	Henry	624.16 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 95-63-6	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.919E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Mesitylene	Koc	1445	Henry	888.62 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 108-67-8	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.805E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene	Koc	520	Henry	798.44 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 100-41-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.859E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes



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#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Cumene	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 98-82-8	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	2.769E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	Koc	Not applicable (N/A)	Henry	Not applicable (N/A)
CAS: 526-73-8	Conclusion	Not applicable (N/A)	Dry soil	Not applicable (N/A)
	Surface tension	3.075E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Not applicable (N/A)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Disposal methods:

The next characteristic per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material: Ignitability. The next EPA hazardous waste number could apply: D001.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE WASTE GENERATOR TO EVALUATE WHETHER HIS WASTES ARE HAZARDOUS BY CHARACTERISTICS OR LISTING.

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Follow RCRA framework and EPA regulation for to ensure that hazardous waste is managed safely and properly. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. Remind, It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing. See section 6 for further information about Accidental release measures.

#### Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Solid Wastes - Part 239 through 282.

State regulatory requirements for generators may be more stringent than those in the federal program. Be sure to check the state's policies.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:





**14.1 UN number:** UN1133

**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** ADHESIVES **14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3

Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III

14.5 Marine pollutant: Yes

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Under 49 CFR 171.4, Except when transporting aboard a vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicles, rail cars, and aircraft

14.7 Transport in bulk (according Not applicable (N/A)

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:

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#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

14.1 UN number: UN1133 **ADHESIVES** 14.2 UN proper shipping name:

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): Labels: 3 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III

14.5 Marine pollutant:

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

955, 223 Special regulations: F-E, S-D EmS Codes: see section 9 Physico-Chemical properties:

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Not applicable (N/A) 14.7 Transport in bulk (according Not applicable (N/A)

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



14.1 UN number: UN1133 14.2 UN proper shipping name: **ADHESIVES** 

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III 14.5 Marine pollutant:

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Yes

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

**14.7 Transport in bulk (according** Not applicable (N/A)

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

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#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE The Hazardous Substances List: *1,2,4-trimethylbenzene* (95-63-6); *Mesitylene* (108-67-8); *Cumene* (98-82-8); *1,2,3-trimethylbenzene* (526-73-8); *Xylene* (1330-20-7); *Ethylbenzene* (100-41-4); *Toluene* (108-88-3); *Benzene* (71-43-2); *Xylene* (1330-20-7)
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) Birth defects or other reproductive harm: *Toluene (108-88-3)*; *Benzene (71-43-2)*
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) Cancer: *Cumene (98-82-8)*; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)*; *Benzene (71-43-2)*
- CÁNADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Polyisobutylene (9003-27-4); Poly(styrene-co-alpha-methylstyrene) (9011-11-4); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Not applicable (N/A)
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Reportable Quantities: *Cumene (98-82-8) U055* ; *Xylene (1330-20-7) U239* ; *Ethylbenzene (100-41-4) 1000 lb* ; *Toluene (108-88-3) U220* ; *Benzene (71-43-2) U019* ; *Xylene (1330-20-7) U239*
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- Massachusetts RTK Substance List: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- Minnesota Hazardous substances ERTK: *1,2,4-trimethylbenzene* (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); *1,2,3-trimethylbenzene* (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- New York RTK Substance list: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- NTP (National Toxicology Program): Cumene (98-82-8); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Benzene (71-43-2)
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Benzene (71-43-2)
- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- Rhode Island Hazardous substances RTK: Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) (USA, Puerto Rico): 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Polyisobutylene (9003-27-4); Poly(styrene-co-alpha-methylstyrene) (9011-11-4); Mesitylene (108-67-8); Cumene (98-82-8); 1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (526-73-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7)
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (95-63-6); Cumene (98-82-8); Xylene (1330-20-7); Ethylbenzene (100-41-4); Toluene (108-88-3); Benzene (71-43-2); Xylene (1330-20-7) Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information provided in this safety data sheet as a foundation for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments. These assessments will help establish the appropriate risk prevention measures for handling, using, storing, and disposing of this product.

### Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to  $\S1910.1200$  - Safety data sheets

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

## Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

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#### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H350: May cause cancer.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Advice related to training:

According to 29 CFR 1910. 1200, training on chemical hazards is necessary for employees using this product. This training will facilitate their understanding and interpretation of the safety data sheet, as well as the product label.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 CL50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

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